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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1866.

TO UNION MEN.

THE WORK BEFORE THEM.

At a meeting of the Republican Executive County Committee, at Headquarters, on Saturday, it was, on motion of John H. Stewart, Esq.,

RESOLVED, That we urge upon our political friends in the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny, and throughout the county, to devote the coming week exclusively to the perfecting of their party organizations, the appointment of Block and Vigilance Committees in every Ward, Borough, Township and Election Precinct, the appointment of Challengers at polls, and such other matters of detail as will insure an overwhelming Republican triumph.

Let every patriotic citizen, at this critical hour, at whatever personal sacrifice, give one week of labor to the final preparations for the great struggle now so closely at hand.

Headquarters open at all hours for distribution of tickets, posters for the polls, &c., &c.

JOHN W. RIDDELL,
Chairman County Committee.
T. M. BAYNE, Secretary.

AN INCENDIARY DOCUMENT.

The act of assembly disfranchizing deserters is the law of the State, and is as obligatory upon the officers of the election boards as any other law under which they act. Its constitutionality is not a question for them to decide, nor for any authority other than the Supreme Court, where the Constitution has placed all such decisions.

Of the moral justice of the law, divesting men who have deserted the flag of their country in time of war and imminent public danger, there can be but one opinion amongst loyal men. The law in question operates alike upon men of all parties, and only upon those whose conduct has been such as to render them neither worthy nor safe depositories of political power.

If the law operates more severely upon the democratic than upon the republican party, it cannot be helped. And if the democrats make a fuss about it, and even counsel its forcible resistance, in so doing they confess that their party embraces and monopolizes the most disreputable materials that are to be found in the community, which is probably true enough.

But our object is to call attention to the two following secret circulars issued by WILLIAM A. WALLACE, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee. Mr. WALLACE is a member of the State Senate from the Clearfield district. Of the first missive—which is only remarkable for the insolence of its tone—we have nothing to say; but the other is a most atrocious document, inasmuch as it counsels and encourages election officers to perjure themselves, to violate law, and to usurp the prerogatives of the only tribunal competent to decide upon the validity and constitutionality of the law. It is seditious and revolutionary to the last extreme, and is based upon a principle which, if carried into practice, would break down all law and inaugurate a reign of anarchy, violence and terror.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE ROOMS,
828 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA,
September 10th, 1866.

To J. B. Sansom, Chairman County Committee of Indiana County:

DEAR SIR:—The subject of the deserters lists requires prompt and thorough attention. These lists are being furnished by the Adjutant General to the several Clerks of Quarter Sessions, and it will be attempted to reject the votes of all those whose names are found upon them.

The case of Huber vs. Reilly settled the question in this State, *unless a man has been Convicted of Desertion and Failure to return to Service or to Report to a Provost Marshal, he is entitled to vote.* This is the fixed opinion of the Supreme Court, and *they stand firmly by it.*

The only evidence of Desertion is the Record of Convictions. The Act of Assembly known as the McConaughy law is totally void as regards all other cases, and I desire to impress it upon you and our friends, that *the law is with us in this matter, and that we will be sustained in receiving these votes in every case,* AND WILL BE JUSTIFIED IN RESORTING TO ALMOST EVERY MEANS TO POLL THEM.

None of the penalties imposed by that law *can ever be enforced;* I have the *very highest authority* for declaring this to you.

I have made every effort to bring the Act of Assembly directly before the Court, but up to this time have not succeeded. I shall not relax my efforts in that and another direction.

In the necessity for immediate action I have to give the following directions. I trust you will see them attended to, and also use all other means that you and our friends deem wise in the emergencies.

I shall within a week furnish you with complete lists of all the alleged deserters and non-reporting drafted men *so far as I have been able to get them,* and as I obtain others will also furnish them to you. One copy of this list will be furnished to you for each election district. "Forewarned is forearmed." The law makes the certificate of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions the evidence of desertion, and it is probable that the enemy will get certificates *to use against our men, and not produce the evidence against their own.* With these lists you can learn which of *their men are also on,* and be provided with the weapon against them, if it be necessary.

The first thing to be done is to *keep our election officers fully up to the mark, and sustain them in receiving these votes.* I advise that a circular signed by the District Attorney and the Democratic members of the bar, distinctly pointing out their duty under the law, and giving the point decided in Huber vs. Reilly, and assuring them that the penalties in the act of Assembly CANNOT and SHALL NOT be enforced against them, be placed in each of their hands.

A circular from yourself, accompanied by the list, should also go to the Vigilance Committee, or the most reliable Democrats in each election district, for private use by them.

I also wish to furnish to *every* election officer a copy of the decision of the Supreme Court. Forward me their names and Post-office addresses.

Where we have the President Judge, the District Attorney and reliable Juries, the case is a very plain one. The votes MUST BE POLLED, and you MUST THREATEN the Republican officers and FULFIL YOUR THREATS. This will dispose of the matter in Democratic counties. In those Counties in which the Republicans have the Judge, Juries and District Attorney, we must *be specially active in sustaining and upholding our election officers,* and if we can succeed in getting *them right,* the whole trouble is reduced to Republican Districts in their counties. Here the lists again become useful, and *I advise* that our friends *change the voter* (if it can be done) into a Democratic District over 10 days before the election, and also provide themselves with certificates to *strike their men in return.* If we can carry this out we will neutralize their great game, and whip them with their own weapons.

Please reqaire our friends to keep accurate lists of all voters who may be rejected on election day.

Courage, firmness and clear instructions as to duty and we will easily win the fight.

Very respectfully, yours,
WILLIAM A. WALLACE,
Chairman.

THERE will be an eclipse of the sun next Monday, visible in New England, and on Tuesday there will be an eclipse of Copperheadism in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Iowa, visible all over the United States, and especially at the White House at Washington.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Secret Rebel Societies in the South—General Sheridan Concentrating His Troops—The Late Riot at Benham, Texas—Letter from Gen. Sheridan.

NEW YORK, October 5.—The *Tribune's* New Orleans special says: Some important dis closures will soon be officially made public in reference to secret rebel societies which permeate the entire South. These organizations have branch circles in New York city and the west. That in New York is said to number fifty thousand, principally composed of men who served in the rebel army. Each circle has a different name. Some are known as the "Sons of the South," others as the "Knights of Arabia," and all are well armed with the most improved weapons ready at a moment's notice, should a favorable opportunity arise, to renew the struggle for the lost cause. One of the leading members of this organizations, now in prison, is said to have made important disclosures.

General Sheridan is concentrating troops in this city for important purposes, which will be soon fully apparent.

The following explains itself: NEW ORLEANS, September 20th, 1866. To his Excellency, Governor THROCKMORTON.—I have just received from Colonel Mason the report on the affair which occurred at Benhau, Texas, on the 7th instant, and have directed him to notify Brevet Major Smith, that he must not permit himself nor any of his men to be arrested. I respectfully request of your Excellency to do all in your power to allay the excitement there, and I will do all in my power to satisfy the ends of justice in every case, but I doubt if much justice could be done in a community which compels your officers and soldiers to remain inside of the defences thrown around their camps. I will have an additional and thorough investigation of this affair, if possible, to ascertain if any of the soldiers were guilty of the affair; but Col. Mason is clearly of the impression that those designated for arrest are innocent.

Respectfully your obedient servant,
PHIL. H. SHERIDAN,
Major General U. S. A.

The *Times'* New Orleans special says: A large number of Justices in different parishes have sent certificates to General Sheridan that they are unable to execute the laws protecting freedmen in collecting wages for the past year's service. General Grant's order is being applied to offenders, and they are arrested and held in military confinement.

Appointment of Assistant Secretary of State—Statement of Public Debt.

WASHINGTON, October 5.—Assistant Secretary of State F. A. Seward has been appointed Secretary of State *ad interim,* owing to the sickness of his father, who, without waiting to recover fully from his previous attack, devoted himself too closely, and for many hours a day, to his official duties. The appointment of his son, thus relieving him from business cares, will afford him a better opportunity to recover his health.

The following is a statement of the public debt of the United States on the 1st of October, 1866.

DEBT BEARING COIN INTEREST.

Five per cent. bonds	$ 198,091,350 00
Six per cent. bonds of 1867-'68	15,323,591 00
Six per cent. bonds of 1881	283,738,750 00
Six per cent. 5-20 bonds	798,168,250 00
Navy pension fund	11,750,000 00
Total	$1,310,065,941 00

DEBT BEARING CURRENCY INTEREST.

Six per cent. bonds	$ 8,922,000 00
Temporary loan	21,360,000 00
3 year compound interest notes	155,912,140 00
Three year 7 30 notes	743,986,650 00
Total	$930,180,790 00
National debt not presented for payment	$ 23,302,372 14

DEBT BEARING NO INTEREST.

United States notes	$399,165,292 00
Fractional currency	27,029,273 33
Gold certificates of deposit	11,056,540 00
Total	$437,252,205 33
Total debt	$2,701,550,709 27

AMOUNT IN TREASURY.

Coin	$ 86,259,909 35
Currency	41,958,056 24
Total	$128,213,767 59
Am't of debt less cash in Treas'y	$2,573,336,941 68

The foregoing is a correct statement of the public debt, as appears from the books and and Treasurer's returns in the Department on the 1st of October, 1866.

(Signed), H. MCCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

The Mexican Muddle—Napoleon Going to Settle It.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—A paris letter of the 13th ult., says: In consequence of some recent news received from Mexico on the 15th of the present month, the Emperor of France, who had already dispatched Gen. De Castilnau, his aide-camp, to Maximilian, sent him an order by telegraph to come back to St. Cloud, where his instructions are to be revised and modified. Marshall Randon, the Minister of War, was present at this interview, which I am assured was of the most important character, according to a version generally accepted, based I understand, not merely upon the critical condition of affairs in Mexico, but also upon the firmness of attitude recently assumed by the Cabinet at Washington. The intention of the French Government is to bring about a speedy settlement of the Mexican question. He is to get rid as soon as possible of the perpetual subject of solicitude and annoyance. To this effect the fleet of transports collected at Brest and Cherbourg, for the purpose of embarking and bringing back to France the first instalment of troops, is to be largely increased so as to be capable of carrying the whole of the French contingent and to evacuate Mexico all at once. All that will remain of the French army will be a small garrison in each of the harbors where the Custom Houses are situated and to France by Maximilian are to be collected. Such are, I am assured, the measures just adopted in cabinet council in reference to Mexico. I must say, however, that the *Paris Patrie* is not quite of that opinion, and asserts on the contrary that Gen. De Castilnar's mission has not for its object to put immediately an end to the intervention of France in Mexico.

The President Expects Impeachment—Gen. Dix.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—The *Commercial* says: we learn through one having the *entre* to the Court circles, that President Johnson is of the opinion that Congress intends to impeach him at the next session.

The *Post* says: The report that General Dix will go to Paris on the 27th of this month is premature. The gentleman's family may probably embark on the steamship Europe on that date, the object being to avoid the rough weather that would be experienced later in the season. His departure is likely to take place in November or December.

Latest from California.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 4.—The Union State Convention in Nevada, have nominated H. G. Blasdell for Governor, and D. R. Ashley for Congress.

The Democratic Convention have nominated John D. Winters for Governor, and E. K. Mitchell for Congress.

New York Cholera Report.

NEW YORK, October 5.—The weather has become cold and windy, and the cholera appears to have been affected by the change, as only two fresh cases were reported. Additional Burial permits for five cholera dead were issued. The Board of Health held its stated weekly meeting yesterday afternoon.

CITY ITEMS.

Get Your

Milk Biscuit at Marvin's, 64 Fourth street.

Teeth! Teeth!

If there is one thing more than any other from a lady's or gentleman's personal appearance, it is the presence of a good, perfect set of teeth. A leer like that of Captain Cuttles, a nose like the dome of St. Peters, a pair of mammoth ears rising above shaggy red head like two ragged fir-pines through a dense undergrowth, may be overlooked, but an ugly set of decayed stumps of molars never. Those whom nature has denied of their original ones, should therefore lose no time in procuring an artificial set at Dr. Spencer's, No. 276 Penn street. This gentleman has gained the reputation of being one of the most Scientific Dentists in the United States by long years of patient toil and labored experience in this profession. He has fitted up his large and elegant establishment with all the appliances science has given to aid in the construction of artificial teeth, that in beauty and naturalness cannot be excelled. In addition to all this the Doctor administers that great and popular agent in doing away with all pain caused by the removal of teeth, laughing gas. Those who wish their teeth extracted without pain, should call on Dr. Spencer, and we can assure them of having it done to their entire satisfaction.

Where to Obtain a Fair Picture.

That Pittsburg excels in turning out heavy guns, massive castings and heavy pieces of iron and steel ready for the purposes of the industrial art cannot be denied. But there is another thing which we lead our contemporary cities, that is in fine specimens of the art photographic. The really beautiful gems of that branch of the fine arts, which are upon exhibition at Dabb's palatial rooms and windows, 81 St. Clair street, will fully bear us out in the assertion. The specimens are finer than the far famed pictures of Brady, Gutekunst, others who have established a national reputation upon their execution of remarkably fine "sun shadows." Mr. Dabb's thoroughly understands every department of his business and takes especial care that every picture which leaves his house shall bear the stamp of superiority and sustain his high reputation as an artist. If any of our friends be desirous of obtaining a photograph of any size or style, we can safely recommend them to favor this establishment with a call. It is No. 81 St. Clair street.

Tom Owen's, 196 Wood Street.

The best and increasing patronage awarded this house is a sufficient index of its great superiority and popularity. By strict attention to every order for work entrusted to the house the proprietor has succeeded in obtaining an estable reputation as a first class mechanic. All descriptions of plumbing, gas fitting, &c., is properly attended to and work is warranted to prove serviceable and give satisfaction. Country people can find no better place for the purchase of the purest quality at the most reasonable and cheapest of rates. Chandeliers, globes, pendants &c., on hand in large assortments.

Continental Saloon.

Now at the cholera is reported to be in our midst, it becomes a matter of importance to persons taking boarders, where they obtain the meals in good style and with clean surroundings. We know of no better dining rooms the State than the Continental Saloon, at door to the Custom House, on Fifth street under Miner's.) The best and most seasonable of rarities, delicacies, and plain substantial food are served up at very moderate pres. Just try this saloon one time and we will guarantee that you will be satisfied, and bome a regular customer.

Prepare for Winter.

Autumn is here with frost and chilling winds And soon Old Winter will come with sleet and snows and freezes. Already heavy bootsre necessary to comfort. Now is the time and the place to buy them is at J. A. Robinson's, Co's, 61 Market street, next door to Barkes dry goods store. They have everything necessary to the complete outfit of gentlemen ladies misses and children. Their stock is large and varied, and selected specially for this sa market. Remember the No., 61 Market sreet.

To Get the Best Dentistry

Be careful to go to 246 Penn street. They give the 1st Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas. They administer it with more skill than any other person found in this section of country. They giv better artificial teeth and better fits than can be had in Western Pennsylvania. They giv gold and silver plates, if desired; also vulcanite, cheaper than in any other place. Be careful you go to 246 Penn street—C. Hill and M. E. Gillespie.

Country Merchants.

Country Merchants
Country Merchants
Country Merchants
Country Merchants

Remember that M'Clarran & M'Kennan are selling Patent Medicines and Perfumery lower than any other house, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street.

Lindsay's Blood Searcher.

Lindsay's Blood Searcher.
Lindsay's Blood Searcher.
Lindsay's Blood searcher.

The genuine article, sold wholesale and retail, very low, at M'Clarran & M'Kennan's Drug Store, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth street.

If You Want

To buy Hostetter's Bitters, Drake's Bitters, Roback's Bitters, or any other kind of Bitters, go to FLEMING'S Drug Store, No. 84 Market st., where you will get the genuine fresh article, for less money than at any other place in the city. Remember this, and the place to get them—84 Market street.

Any of Our Readers

Who want a fine article of Table Oil will find a superb article at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street. We have tried this Oil, and speak knowingly, and it can be had at a reasonable price. Remember FLEMING'S establishment when you want anything in the Drug or Perfumery line.

Wanted

With immediate possession, if possible, a Dwelling House in either Allegheny city or Pittsburgh, but must be pleasantly situated. A liberal rent and good security given. Address or apply to F. M. G., at the New Cloak House, No. 49 Fifth street.

Evening Classes

In Book-Keeping, Penmanship, Arithmetic and Phonography, at the Iron City College, corner of Penn and St. Clair streets. Students can enter at any time.

Men's Fine French Calf,

Hand sewed, custom made Boots, for $5. They are beyond competition and are really a good article. Opera House Shoe Store.

On Tuesday

Call at Pittock's and see his new stock of Anthony's Stereoscopic views and Instruments. Also the new lot of Photographs.

Caroline Richings,

The Florence's, Williams' and other prominent card Photos', at Pittock's.

The Invisible,

Young America, Harry Kelly, Hamill Photos' in Pittock's large stock of Photographs.

Ladies' Oil Dressed Balmorals,

Impervious to water, only $1. Only to be had at the Opera House Shoe Store.

No Abatement

Of the rush for Albums, Wallets, Gold Pens, &c., at Pittock's.

A Rare Selection

Of Boots and Shoes, at the Oaora House Shoe Store.

Women's Superior Gums,

Only 90 cents, at the Opera House Shoe Store,

Boys' Substantial Boots,

Only 75 cents, at the Opera House Shoe Store.

School Books

At Pittock's.

Gem's Photos'

At Pittock's.

New Books

At Pittock's.

The Confederation Delegation.

OTTOWA, C. W., Oct. 5.—It is reported, upon good authority, that the delegation to England on the confederation consists of Hon. S. Cartier and Longevin, of Lower Canada, Mc-Donald and McDougall, of Upper Canada.

Three colonels of Engineers have arrived, it is suggested, with a view of fortifying the city.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

VOLUME LXXX.—NO. 239. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1866. PRICE THREE CENTS.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

Cholera in Washington—Secretary Seward's Condition—The President's Appointments—Decrease of the Public Debt—The West and the Paris Exposition—Admiral Dahlgren—Internal Revenue Decision.

WASHINGTON, October 5.—Several reported cases of cholera have occurred in this city within the past few days.

Secretary Seward, who was taken ill last night with a return of his late attack, the relapse being occasioned by over-exertion in the discharge of his official duties, while in a debilitated condition, was this evening considered to be improving in health.

The President to-day made the following appointments: H. L. Taylor, of Illinois, Agent for Indians of Shawnee Agency; J. M. Serbirt, of Iowa, Register of the Land Office at Sioux City. Also the following: Postmasters—Jacob R. Hubbell, at Dayton, Ohio; J. J. Lask, at Kendallsville, Indiana; A. E. Goodwin, at Rockford, Illinois; Alex Easterday, Gallipolis, Ohio; Edward Van Derveer, at Battle Creek, Michigan; Warren Burnhart, at Independence, Iowa; Harvey B. Dodge, at Columbus, Wisconsin; James Lapton, at Salem, Ohio; Martin Gottschalk, at Canton, Ohio; Isaac A. Bryant, at Bucyrus, Ohio; John B. Dunham, at Kankakee, Illinois, and Edward S. Williams, at Pekin, Illinois.

A comparison of the September with the October statement of the public debt shows a decrease of twenty-two and a third millions. It now being 2,573,,937,,689. The amount of coin in the Treasury is over eighty-six millions, or an increase of nearly seven millions, while the currency has decreased fourteen and a third millions, the amount of both coin and currency being over one hundred and eight millions.

Information has been received here that every railway and steamboat company out of Chicago agrees to transport Western offerings and collections for the great Paris Fair to New York free of expense. The Commissioner for Missouri says Chicago will be the headquarters for the North-west, and everything should go to that centre for transportation or shipment. Part of the collection of Illinois was on exhibition at the Chicago fair. It is stated that the public interest in that section is much excited on this important subject.

Rear Admiral Dahlgren has been ordered to take passage from New York on the 1st of December, to take command of the South Pacific squadron.

Nearly two hundred of the quarterly reports of national banks, out of sixteen hundred and sixty now due, have been received by the Comptroller of Currency. They show the banks to be in a sound condition. The reports are remarkably correct, and exhibit a very general compliance with the provisions of the currency act.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that rubber boots and shoes are subject to a tax of five per cent. as articles of wearing apparel manufactured or produced for sale from India rubber. The tax on boots or shoes manufactured of leather is only two per cent.

The Fair at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, October 5.—The number at the Fair to-day was measurably less than yesterday, but still very large. The main interest was in the exhibition of thorough breds in the ring. For stallions five years and over, Knight, of St. George, took the first premium—$300. Glendower took the second prize—$90. For four year colts and over, Glendower took first prize—$100. Seward, second prize, bronze medal. Several fine rings of thorough bred mares were exhibited, the premiums being divided between Missouri and Kentucky. Mr. Harris E. Cox, of Springfield, Mass., took the first premium for best drill press.

Georgia Republican.

AUGUSTA, Oct. 5.—Considerable feeling is exhibited throughout Georgia on the subject of republican. It is thought that an effort will be made on the meeting of the Legislature in November, to relieve the people of the payment of certain debts contracted prior and during the late war. The plea urged for the republication is the loss of the slaves and the failure of crops.

The amount of property returned in the State for 1865 is $207,000,000, in 1860, $620,327,777, the loss to the State being over $407,000,000.

Cholera.

MEMPHIS, October 5.—There were ten cases of cholera and eight deaths in this city within the last twenty-four hours.

NASHVILLE, October 5.—There were four deaths from cholera within the last twenty-four hours in this city.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON THIRD PAGE.)

Grand Rally in the First Ward.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of Union Republicans, took place at the foot of Marion Avenue, First ward, Allegheny, last evening, the venerable General William Robinson, Jr., presided, assisted by the following:

Vice Presidents—Josiah King, John B. Ingham, Wm. Bagaley, C. Yeager, J. T. Logan, G. Black, Colonel S. B. Clark, Joseph McKnight, W. A. Caldwell. James W. Kearsley, M. Borelan, Samuel George, C. W. Beaty.

Secretaries—Captain L. C. Schoyer, G. H. Donahan, H. M. Long, C. A. Carpenter, W. H. Kincaid, John S. Edgar.

General Robinson on taking the chair, made some brief remarks touching the great questions now agitating the public mind in the present campaign.

Captain C. W. Maloney, one of the true "Boys in Blue," delivered a very neat address, in which he presented the issue between the "rebel party" and the loyal people, and showed very conclusively that Andrew Johnson had forfeited all claims of respect by the loyal portion of the country, and, instead of making "treason odious," as he had expressed it when first elected to the Vice Presidency, he was now doing all in his power to foster the designs of traitors, and defeat the great object in the suppression of the rebellion.

At the close of his address Captain King, Esq., presided during the remainder of the meeting.

Hon. Thomas Williams then took the stand, and for a short time eloquently discussed points proposed by the Democracy, in favor of giving the States lately in rebellion could be admitted to seats in Congress. The honorable gentleman's record in the past has been such that his constituents will send him back by a tremendous majority as a token of their approbation of his course.

During the course of the meeting the Glee Club, under the direction of Professor Slack, sang several songs with fine effect, and gave much relief to the occasion.

Quite a number of the "fair ones" were present to give countenance.

The members of the Hope Steam Engine Fire Company generously prepared a stand and provided chairs for the speakers and officers, and in other ways afforded facilities for the success of the meeting.

Important Work Ahead.

That there have been numerous fraudulent names entered upon the assessor's books in the various wards by the opposition, no sensible person can longer doubt. But there is a way to balk the game and to prevent any description of illegal voting, and at the same time obviate the difficulty which undoubtedly will be experienced at the polls in determining who are entitled to vote. The different wards should at once be correctly canvassed and the names of all persons entitled to a vote recorded in books to be used for reference at the polls. Several of the wards have already inaugurated this plan, and we trust others may follow the good example. There is yet much time for the work, and if the wards and boroughs be divided off into small blocks and a sufficient number intelligent citizens be engaged to canvass an equitable enrollment may be soon be obtained. By such enrollment no injustice can be practiced upon either party at the election, and, certainly, no honest citizen will object to any effort made upon either side to preserve the purity of the ballot-box.

Discharged.

"R. T. Martin," the man arrested at the Monongahela House, on a charge of attempting to steal a valuable diamond pin from Mr. Brook, of Cincinnati, had a hearing before Mayor M'Carthy, yesterday afternoon, and was discharged, there being no evidence sufficient to warrant his being held. Be he honest or be he otherwise, this man is one of the sewardest that our authorities have had to deal with for some little time. He acknowledges that he has not the remotest connection with any newspaper in the land, but finds it a most convenient "dodge" to call himself a newspaper man. He avows, also that "Martin" is no more his name than Chang Chow. He has an honored name, and no matter what deviltry he may have committed, he has always done it under some name not his own. He has done almost everything, he says, that any man can do to be ashamed of, except to steal, and that he never did and never will do. Yet with all these candid avowals he baffled all efforts to gain any definite information concerning himself. He would talk with the utmost freedom concerning his history and affairs, and when he had finished his interlocutor would find that not a particle of information had been given. "Martin" expressed his intention of leaving the city immediately.

Immense Meeting.—An immense mass meeting of the loyal Republicans of the Fourth ward was held last evening at Hare's Hotel, C. W. Robb, Esq., presiding. Able, eloquent and patriotic addresses were delivered by Gen. Edward M. Lee, of Connecticut, Hon. John M. Kirkpatrick, and Captain Tegrgee of North Carolina. Prof. Pope was also in attendance, and discovered some of his finest political ballads and airs, which enthusiastic ally received, and from all appearances the old Fourth will do its full duty on Tuesday next.

Vocal and Instrumental Concert.—We would call the attention of all lovers of music to the fact that Miss Lou Bertha and Sister intend to give a musical entertainment at Masonic Hall, on the 16th inst. The following gentlemen will take part in it: Mr. Applebaum and Mr. Toerge, together with several others. We are personally acquainted with the ladies, and assure our readers with a full programme.

Criminal Court.

Yesterday morning the Court opened at the usual hour, with Judges Mellon and Brown on the bench.

In the case of Justice Wm. H. Berks, of South Pittsburgh, tried on Thursday for misdemeanor in office, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and ordered the county to pay the costs.

In the case of Edward Murray, charged with attempting to enter the dwelling of Jane Marshall with a felonious intent, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and ordered the county to pay the costs.

William Johnston, the youth who was tried and convicted in the Court of Quarter Sessions last week on two indictments for larceny, was brought into Court for sentence. One of the indictments charges him with stealing a watch from a man named John Gordon. The other charges him with picking the pocket of a gentleman named McMillan, of a pocket book and fifty dollars, at the corner of Penn and St. Clair streets, on the night of the Presidential reception.

Johnston stated that he was only fifteen years of age, and came from New York city, where his parents reside, only a short time before this occurred; that he was the son of respectable parents, who had raised him properly. During the war he was engaged selling papers in the Second Corps, Army of the Potomac. Since that time he had fallen in with bad company, who had led him into this difficulty. He also produced letters from his parents and sister, dated New York city, Gen. A. L. Pearson being in court here remarked that he remembered seeing Johnston selling papers, thus confirming that part of his statement. While he was making the above statement he seemed deeply penitent and wept bitterly.

The Court then sentenced him as follows: On the charge of pocket-picking, to undergo one year imprisonment, and for stealing the watch two years, making in all four years in the Western Penitentiary. He was removed to that institution during the afternoon.

Henry Lampus, a shoemaker, residing in Manchester, was then placed on trial on a charge of false pretenses, William Nethercoat, prosecutor. Lampus was proprietor of a shoemaker shop in Manchester, the one-half of which he offered to Nethercoat for a certain amount of money, stating that he had three hundred dollars deposited in bank, which was false and untrue. The prosecutor failed to establish the charge, and the jury returned a verdict of "not guilty," but ordered the defendant to pay the costs.

Michael Matter was next placed on trial for assault and-battery on Wm. Wilson. The defendant keeps Swetzer Hall in the Fifth ward. On the night of September first the prosecutor, with a police officer, called into the house to attend to a row in progress there. Matter seized him and endeavored to put him out. The jury returned a verdict of guilty, and the defendant was ordered to pay a fine of $50.

Tilly Potter was next placed on trial for false pretenses, on oath of J. C. Shultz. It was alleged that the defendant agreed to build a house for the prosecutor and furnish all the material for the sum of $875. After the completion of the job the defendant presented to the prosecutor what purported to be receipts for the materials used in building the house, and on the strength of these the prosecutor paid the full amount of $875. Afterward unpaid bills for lumber and materials used in building the house were presented to prosecutor for payment. The jury in the case was out at the time of adjourn of court.

Michael Conlan, supposed to be some relative of the man who stole the grindstone, was placed on trial for the larceny of an empty carriage from Messrs. Morrow, Myers & Co., on the Ninth ward. He was found guilty and sentenced to one year's imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

Anthon Schultz plead guilty to two charges of illegal liquor selling, and was remanded for sentence.

Bernard Higgins, charged with the larceny of a watch from Arthur Hoban, was found guilty, and made a long appeal to the Court for mercy, pleading that he was drunk when he stole the watch; that he has a wife and children dependent upon him, and that he would never in the world do anything wrong again. He was hugely delighted when he was sentenced to four months in the jail, and thanked the court heartily.

Thos. Johnston, convicted on Thursday of stealing a horse from J. J. Zimmerman at the Iron City Park, was sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of four years in the Penitentiary.

A Scene of Confusion.

Thomas Broderick appeared before Alderman Lynch yesterday and made oath against a man named Sloan, the proprietor of a drinking saloon on Market street for assault and battery. It seems that Broderick went into Sloan's saloon and called for something to drink, when the latter, without any provocation whatever, or previous difficulty, struck him a terrible blow in the face, cutting his cheek and knocking him down. Sloan was subsequently arrested and brought before the magistrate mentioned, when a scene of great humor ensued that would be worth the graphic description pen of an Artemus Ward to paint. It appeared that the whole affair was so trifling in its nature as to be outside the pale of magisterial jurisdiction.

The prosecutor who was bleeding profusely from a wound in the left temple, insisted on Sloan's being immediately remanded to jail, stating to the dirty-faced attorney who was attending to his case, and who was making spasmodic attempts to be heard above the din, that he would not allow the defendant to be admitted to bail. In vain the little attorney quoted Coke and Littleton in support of his opinion in contra distinction to that of his client. He would not be listened to. Nor would the Alderman, who endeavored to gain the attention of the parties before him by thumping the desk with a cuff so powerful in action as that of Purdon's Digest in force, a fat friend of the defendants—a regular Falstaff in build—demands in a deep bass voice that chimed in beautifully with the weak cracked voice of the little attorney for the prosecutor, be held in custody until his friend should procure bail. This set the little attorney and his client into a fresh tempest of indignation, and what with the Alderman calling for order, the little attorney protesting, pleading in behalf of his client, and the defendant demanding his instant dismissal on the ground that there had been no case made out against him, a scene of confusion existed while we have never seen equaled before.

At length officer Conners appeared, and after threatening to take the whole party individually and collectively to the lombs, succeeded in bringing out of the chaotic, discordant clamor before him something approximating to order. In the lull thus brought about, Alderman Lynch seized the opportunity to notify Sloan that he would require him to enter into bonds in the sum of $500 for his appearance at his office to-day, when a hearing will be had in the case.

Republican Meeting in the Seventh Ward.

The Republicans of the Seventh ward, Pittsburgh, assembled on Thursday evening according to previous announcement. Quite a large audience of the voters of the ward were in attendence. The meeting was organized by electing Hon. J. K. Moorhead, President, Hon. W. C. McCarthy, Samuel Barckley, Col. James Patchel, A. A. Moore, Captain William Mays, James Trimble, A. J. Gribben, Jacob Roll, H. Snively, Mr. McAleese, Jacob Beltzhoover, W. M. Arthurs, John Wandless and David Fitzsimmons, Vice Presidents, and H. P. Ford, S. W. Hill and E. F. Kennedy, secretaries. The meeting was addressed by Hon. Moff, Esq., Wm. Lemmon, Esq., and convincing in argument, clearly vindicated the principles of the "Rads," after which the renowned campaigner, J. W. Pope, gave "My Policy" some severe musical kicks. Hon. J. M. Kirkpatrick followed in his usual happy style. His address was one of "Kirks best." On next Tuesday the Seventh will roll up a Republican majority of two to one. It is General Moorhead's home, and a man is always best endorsed when endorsed by his neighbors. J.

Come Forward and Claim It.

The Adams Express Company yesterday morning delivered at the Mayor's office a small box with the following inscription written thereon: "S. O. Berry, Military Prison, Albany, New York. In care of Captain Lewis, Pittsburgh, Pa." Some person receipted for the box, in the absence of Captain Lewis, who, when informed of the transaction, stated that he did not know the person to whom the box was directed or anything about the matter. Fearing that it contained an infernal machine, it was handled very cautiously. Some one mustered up enough courage to open the box, and judge of their surprise when they beheld a lot of pickled pickets, luscious grapes, onions, preserves, jellies, &c., which, no doubt, a mother, wife or sister was sending to the military prison keeper at Albany. Come forward, any body who has the right, and claim the box.

Distressing Accident.

On Friday last a terribly distressing accident occurred at what is known as the joint School House, on the Morris and East Finley Line, four miles South of Prosperity. Several of the scholars were amusing themselves outside the building about twelve o'clock, and while some of them were on a large, heavy log, a prop was removed, and the log rolled from its position, passing over a girl named Jane Dickerson, of East Finley, bruising and otherwise injuring injuring her so badly that she died about eleven o'clock on Friday night. One side of her face and head was severely bruised, her breast terribly mashed, and several of her ribs broken. She was aged about seventeen years, and was a young lady of much promise.

A Vote of Thanks.—We have been requested to return the hearty thanks of a number of Pittsburgh and Braddock's Fields' ladies and Gentlemen to Alex. Miller, Esq., of McKeesport, who so hospitably entertained them at his home on the occasion of the recent Convention in that town. Mr. Miller is an earnest, zealous worker in the great cause of the Union party, and his active labor to make all "at home" at his residence will long be remembered in connection with the late glorious demonstration.

Surety of the Peace.—Arabella Levine came to the office of Aldermaa Morrow yesterday, and preferred a charge of surety of the peace against Annie Bell. The parties both board in the family of a lady on Fulton street, where, as the prosecutrix alleges, Annie declared that if she ever had a favorable opportunity to kill the prepossessing Arabella she would do it. A warrane was issued for the arrest of Annie.

Not So.—We wish to say that all the money that was received at the meeting held in City Hall on the 28th ult., went to defray the expenses of building a church in Allegheny, and not as the *Post* says, for the private purse of Mr. Douglas.

Cholera—Fear a Predisposing Cause

There are very few diseases of which fear is not a predisposing cause. Especially is this true with regard to cholera. It likes to seize on enervated and weakened constitutions; for a constitution in full vigor, and performing all the functions of health, is usually proof against any disease, especially one of a malarial, miasmatic or endemic character. Cholera is in the air; it is carried on the winds, and weak constitutions imbibe it, and will under it, as does the feeble plant under the blast of the hurricane. But the fearless and healthy constitution will withstand the shock and remain secure from its infection, as does the gnarled and mighty oak of the forest. Put your constitution in health, keep your skin clean, your blood pure; be calm, and ten to one you will not only escape cholera, but many other morbid influences. Now we come to the point. Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher is the best medicine in the world to cleanse the blood and keep it healthy. It will strengthen the stomach and enable it to digest the food. It will give tone and vigor to the bowels and whole alimentary canal. It is a tonic and stimulant that invigorates without leaving the subsequent depression and prostration incident to bitters alcoholic drinks. It is a safe and pure remedy, which may be taken with safety by all classes and conditions of men. *Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher* will prevent cholera if taken in about one-fourth the usual dose. We do not say this to get sale for it as a cholera medicine, but because it is true, for we do know that Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher is one of the greatest prophylatics ever discovered, not only as against cholera, but as against any infectious disease.

It costs a very little to try its virtues, and trial will convince any one of its supremely curative and purifying qualities. It is a simple and valuable compound of some of the most wholesome and valuable roots and herbs known to medical science. The hundreds of cures it has made in Pittsburgh alone stamp Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher as the most wonderful medical compound of recent invention. When you want it *ask for Dr. Keyser's.* Do not be deceived, as many have been by something bearing the same or a similar name.

Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher has cured thousands of cases of the most inveterate and intractable diseases. It sweeps them from the human system, and leaves it clean and healthy, with no locks or obstructions for disease to generate or develop itself. You can buy it in any quantity at the doctor's great medical laboratory, 140 Wood street. Consulting rooms, 120 Penn street. $1 per bottle;

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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T. P. HOUSTON. }

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NELSON P. REED }

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1866.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR:

MAJ. GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

CONGRESS.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT:
HON. J. K. MOORHEAD.

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT:
HON. THOMAS WILLIAMS.

SHERIFF:
SAMUEL B. CLULEY, City.

CLERK OF COURT:
JOHN G. BROWN, Hampton Tp.

CLERK OF ORPHANS COURT:
ALEXANDER HILANDS, City.

RECORDER:
HENRY SHIVELY, City.

REGISTER:
JOSEPH H. GRAY, Plum Tp.

COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE HAMILTON, City

DIRECTOR OF POOR:
JOHN F. DRAVO, Mifflin Tp.

ASSEMBLY:
JOHN P. GLASS, City.
GEORGE WILSON, Pitt Tp.
GEORGE Y. McKEE, North Fayette Tp.
SAMUEL CHADWICK, Collins Tp.
WILLIAM PETER, Ross Tp.
R. A. COLVILLE, City.

We invite attention to a communication, inserted on the third page, from the Rev. Dr. PERSHING relative to the endowment of the Pittsburgh Female College. The subject is of special importance to the people of Allegheny county, and the facts and arguments presented are entitled to a full and patient consideration.

JUDGE CHAMBERLIN.

We give elsewhere a communication challenging the correctness of a statement by us, a week ago, to the effect that Mr. CHAMBERLIN received his appointment as President Judge of the 27th District upon the understanding that if he did not prove acceptable to the people of both counties he should not press for a nomination this fall. It is claimed by our correspondent that the Judge was neither party nor privy to such arrangement. All that it is needful for us to say is that we made the statement on the highest authority, and have no doubt of its correctness.

COMPELLING THE VOTES OF PLACEMEN AND LABORERS.

Some months ago the administration entered upon a system of removals designed to terrify the incumbents of public offices into voting against their principles. The success attained did not make it a paying investment. In the general, the men put into office under President LINCOLN possessed sterling characters, and were not in market. With few exceptions they voluntarily relinquished the honors and emoluments they enjoyed, rather than compromise their convictions of right and duty. Measured by their bearing in the trial to which they have been subjected, the Republican party has reason to be proud of its representative men.

If the Administration could have detached this class of men—selected originally for their conspicuity and influence—from the Republican interest, it would have made a great accession of power. Failing to do this, it adopted the only remaining alternative, which was to create vacancies, and then fill them with a grade of men who were eager to sell their own votes for preferment or even for wages. And this it did.

But the Administration did not stop here. It has descended a step lower still. An unusual number of national vessels have been ordered to Philadelphia for repairs, whether repairs were needed upon them or not, and several thousands of men have been added to the working force of the Navy Yard. So far as residents of Philadelphia have been employed to do this extra labor, they have been compelled to agree to vote for the democratic candidates. It is surely bad enough to refuse industrious mechanics employment unless they consent to vote against their cherished convictions; but there is even a lower depth than this, and the administration, by specific gravity, sinks to it. By its procurement large numbers of men have been imported from New Jersey and New York to work upon these ships, and the names of three thousand or more of them have been placed on the assessment lists, preparatory for having them vote for the democratic candidates next Tuesday. The elections in those States occurring a month later, it is fair to presume the design is to have them back at their own legal residence to vote again in November.

This corrupt interference of the Administration in the elections; these efforts by Executive Departments to debauch the ballot-boxes, so as to make them express, not the will of the people, but the behests of rulers eager to perpetuate their own power; is so dangerous to the rights and liberties of the people, as to call for prompt and signal rebuke.

While the Northern Democrats were pretty generally opposing the war and helping the rebels, they were told, on all sides, by the Republicans, that the day would come when they would deny complicity or sympathy with the rebellion as a taint upon their characters as citizens. The fact was adduced in illustration, that no avowed descendant of a tory of the revolution could be found well; the prediction is already almost literally verified. From Mr. CLYMER, up and down, the Democrats now all protest they were for the vigorous prosecution of the war all through. Even FERNANDO WOOD has announced himself a candidate for Congress, and solicits an election distinctly *"as a popular rebuke to those who utter the malicious falsehood that during the war I was a rebel sympathizer and disunionist."*

Not long ago the Democratic and Conservative journals labored industriously to create the impression that General Grant was on their side. A counterblast from him was too much even for their impudence, and they desisted. Now, they are trying to convince their readers that the General is neutral. Why don't they print his declaration that it is an insult to ask a soldier to vote for Clymer?

There is reason to believe that a large number of fraudulent certificates of naturalization have been issued within the last four weeks, to swindle General Geary out of the election, if possible. We have no fear that this desperate expedient will be successful; but we urge the members of Republican Vigilance Committees to guard this point with special care.

The President's appointees begin to understand that they are between the upper and nether millstones, and are likely, let them do what they will, to be effectually ground out. If they do not follow the President, he will cut their heads off, if they do, the chances are the Senate will fumble their heads into baskets.

AN IMPOSITION.

A man called MAHAN, who writes Major before his name, and professes to hail from Massachusetts, is making speeches in this county in the interest of General SWEITZER, and sometimes in his company. This MAHAN palms himself off as a Republican, claims to have been up in Mr. COVODE'S district making speeches for him, but says he is constrained to oppose General MOORHEAD because the General is opposed to the best interest of the working classes.

Now, we have to say of MAHAN that he has made no speeches in behalf of Mr. COVODE; that he is not a Republican, and never was; that he is a Democrat, and always has been; and that this trick of representing himself to be what he is not, is equally disgraceful to himself and to General SWEITZER, who, by his presence, gives it his sanction.

MILES O'REILLY, editor of the New York *Citizen*, is noted both for the keen edge of his weapon and the weight of it. Take a sample, and judge:

"Powerful and wealthy Radicals are removed from offices in which they would at least have been held quiet, to make room for played-out politicians of the Conservative Republican and Democratic stripe, which appointments are a positive injury—fellows who do not command a corporal's guard of votes in their own districts, and whose promotion repels young and ambitious men from the party that commits the folly of their elevation. In Pennsylvania we are rushing to certain and overwhelming defeat under the Copperhead battle-flag of Hiester Clymer. The men who made the first mistake of his nomination have since repented of it in sackcloth and ashes; but neither prayers nor reproaches, neither arguments nor ridicule have sufficed to induce Mr. Clymer's withdrawal. He was implored to retire in favor of Generals David Gregg or Samuel W. Crawford, either of whom could have beaten General Geary easily; but Clymer sticks to it that he will be chosen Governor of Pennsylvania by fifty thousand majority, and from this delusive dream nothing but a count of the votes can arouse his vanity."

EDITORS PITTSBURGH GAZETTE:—In your leading article of last Saturday, referring to the controversy respecting the Judgship of the 27th Judicial District, you have done Judge Chamberlin very great injustice.

You there state, no doubt on what you supposed to be reliable authority, that when Judge C. was appointed by Governor Curtin, it was understood between him and the Governor, and also with the friends of Mr. Acheson, that if the appointment was not satisfactory to the people of the District, Judge C. would not press for a nomination this fall.

I have authority from Judge Chamberlin to say, that this is wholly erroneous, that he never had any understanding of any kind, either with the Governor or Mr. Acheson or his friends, nor did he at any time authorize any person for him to enter into any arrangement *whatever*. Had the appointment been conditional, in *any particular*, directly or by implication, he would have refused it, as would any honorable man.

That any lawyer of even fair standing, should agree or consent to go on the bench on a *six months' trial*, is simply absurd and needs only to be stated to show its utter impossibility so far as he is concerned. W.

NEW BRIGHTON Oct. 4, 1866.

—In the famine districts in India, the natives are reduced to feed on roots and mango stones, which they grind into a kind of flour. This miserable sustenance is wholly insufficient to keep a large number of them from starving, and the fearful spectacle is presented of numerous corpses lying on the highways. They remain unburied, and, probably as a consequence, cholera has broken out, and is carrying off large numbers of persons. In their utter distress mothers are offering their children for sale in order to buy bread.

—In Berglum and Holland linen is prepared beautifully, because the washer-women use refined borax, instead of soda, as a washing powder. One large handful of borax is used to every ten gallons of boiling water, and the saving in soap is said to be one-half. For laces and cambrics an extra quantity is used. Borax does not injure the linen, and it softens the hardest water. A teaspoonful of borax added to an ordinry sized kettle of hard water, in which it is allowed to boil, will effectually soften the water.

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS, OR WORM LOZENGES.—Much sickness undoubtedly, with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no positive injury to the most delicate child. This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms, so hurtful to children.

Children having worms require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness.

Symptoms of worms in children are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making BROWN'S "VERMIFUGE COMFITS" is such as to give the best possible effect with safety.

Sold wholesale and retail in Pittsburgh, at FLEMING'S Drug and Patent Medicine Depot, No. 84 Market street. oct1:TF8

A Beautiful Head of Hair!

"London" The great "Hair Color Restorer"
"London" Luxury of "Hair Color Restorer"
"London" the Dressing "Hair Color Restorer"
"London" Room, "Hair Color Restorer"

1. It will restore gray hair to its original color.
2. It will make the hair grow on bald heads.
3. It will restore the natural secretions.
4. It will remove all dandruff and lichtiego.
5. It will make the hair soft, glossy and flexible.
6. It will preserve the original color to old age.
7. It will prevent the hair from falling out.
8. It will cure all diseases of the scalp.

Only 75 cents a bottle; six bottles, $5. Sold at Dr. SWAYNE'S, 330 North Sixth street, above Vine, and all leading druggists and dealers in toilet articles.

Sold by McCLARRAN & McKEEHAN, 85 Market street, and GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood street, Pittsburgh. aug27:120:BWF

WORDS OF VITAL INTEREST.—Will the thousands who read columns of frivolous verbiage every day devote FIVE MINUTES to the perusal of a few facts which concern them nearly? Our text is HEALTH, and we will put our commentary into a nutshell. WEAKNESS is indirectly the cause of all sickness; for if nature be strong enough to resist the morbid influences which produce illness, of course they are powerless. Seek strength, therefore. Invigorate and regulate the system. When the quicksilver ranges from 90 to 95 degrees in the shade, the most athletic are enfeebled, and the weak are prostrated. It is at such a time that such an invigorator as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is urgently needed. What are the effect of this rare Vegetable Tonic? Would that all who have known its benefits could condense their experience into this paragraph. They would tell the healthy to protect their health they must use this great safeguard against the debilitating influences. They would exhort the weak to discard all unmedicated and impure stimulants and rally to this wholesome and safe tonic and alterative, as the shipwrecked mariner would cling to a raft in a stormy sea. They would, of dyspeptic pangs relieved, of appetite restored, of oft buried nerves re-strung, of headaches cured, of disordered functions regulated, of neuralgia dissipated, of infantic diseases banished, of fever and ague cured, of liver complaint arrested, of heat, privation and toil defied, of hope reanimated, and cheerfulness restored. Such are the effects of HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. oct2

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 84 Fifth Street, is an authorised Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

50 CASES CELEBRATED CHARTER OAK LEAD received and for sale by GEORGE A. KELLY & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 37 Wood street.

30 CASES HAMILTON PURE LEAD received and for sale by GEORGE A. KELLY & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 37 Wood street.

5 BBLS. BOILED LINSEED OIL received and for sale by GEORGE A. KELLY & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 37 Wood street.

5 BBLS. JAPAN DRYER received and for sale by GEORGE A. KELLY & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 37 Wood street.

CHOCOLATE! CHOCOLATE!!
6 boxes Baker's Mass. No. 1 Chocolate;
25 do do Norfolk do do
40 do do Premium do do
50 do do Family do do
90 do do Eagle do do
4 do do Broma and Cocoa.
Just received and for sale by
HEYNER & BROS.,
oct9 No. 128 and 130 Wood street.

REMOVAL.—THE UNDERSIGNED have removed the office of the HOPE OIL WORKS from 35 Market street, Pittsburgh, to their Works on CARSON STREET Brownstown, where they can hereafter be found.
Post-office Address 326, Pittsburgh.
oct2:1m DUNCAN & WILLIAMS.

LOVERING'S SUGARS.—Just received Lovering's C Yellow and White; also, Coarse and Fine Pulverized and Crushed Loaf Sugar, for sale at the lowest prices, by the barrel or at retail, by
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
oct3 corner Liberty and Third streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—Until the completion of the new Chapel, services will be held in MASONIC HALL, Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. JAMES S. DICKERSON, every SABBATH at 10½ o'clock, A. M. and quarter to 7½ P. M.
SABBATH SCHOOL at 2 o'clock, p. m.
All are cordially invited to attend.

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH, CORNER OF GRANT AND THIRD STS. Pastor, Rev. A. BOSSERMAN. Preaching EVERY SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M. All the people are invited to come and hear.
Subject for to-morrow evening, ST. PAUL ON MARS' HILL, OR THE REPENTANCE WHICH WE PREACHED. oc6

THE GLORIOUS APPEARING and Kingdom of the Great God and our Saviour—its proximity, characteristics and results. Discourses by Rev. M. LANAHAN, SUNDAY at 10½ A. M., and 3 and 7 P. M., at PHILO HALL, Third street, near Market. JOHN A. BEST.

SUNDAY EVENING SERMONS TO YOUNG MEN—Rev. HENRY D. MOORE, Pastor of Plymouth Congregational Church, will continue his sermons to YOUNG MEN, in the new Academy of Music, TO-MORROW EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. oc6

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH, ALLEGHENY CITY, EXCELSIOR HALL, corner of Federal and Lacock streets. Pastor, JOSEPH KING. Services every LORD'S DAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer Meeting on WEDNESDAY EVENING at 7½ o'clock.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
PITTSBURGH October 5th, 1866.
NOTICE.—In accordance with the Act regulating Banks, a General Meeting of the Stockholders of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on the FIRST TUESDAY (6th day) OF NOVEMBER, at 11 o'clock A. M.
WM. ROSEBURG,
oct6:8dawF Cashier.

COW STRAYED OR STOLEN.—On the 29th ultimo, a
BLACK AND WHITE COW,
(Blind in the left eye,) was missing from the farm of Mr. JAMES CALOWELL, Haysville 8th ward. Any information respecting her will be suitably paid for by applying as above.
oct6:3d

AGENTS WANTED BY THE EUREKA SEWING MACHINE COMPANY to sell their NEW $25 MACHINE. Will sew from tissue paper to heavy beaver cloth or leather without change of feed, needle or thread. Self-adjusting pressure foot and newly designed four motioned UNDERFEED. Address, enclosing stamp,
H. HALL & CO.,
68 Fifth Street, (Second Floor,)
oct6 Pittsburgh, Pa.

A. LEGGATE, 159 Federal St, Allegheny.
BOOTS AND SHOES,
MEN'S CLOTHING,
UNDER-CLOTHING,
CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
BLANKETS—White and Colored,
JACKETS, FLANNELS,
SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!!!
At very attractive prices.
A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer,
oct6 Federal street, above the Diamond.

AGENTS WANTED FOR A NEW BOOK. NOW READY.
WOMEN OF THE WAR.
By FRANK MOORE, author of "The Rebellion Record," &c.
The object of this work is to collect and present biographies of the services of the women who shared the perils of the war, and ought to inherit its glories. The volume contains about 600 octavo pages, and is illustrated with steel plate portraits, engraved in the most improved style. Sold only by subscription.
For circulars, address or apply to
EMERY & HOWES,
oct6 No. 68 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

CLOTH AND VELVET SACQUES
OF
Various Styles and Qualities,
FOR SALE BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
26 Fifth Street.
oct6

A. TEATON'S,
No. 17 Fifth Street,
Ladies' Portmonnaies,
Morocco Pocket Books,
Russia Leather Wallets,
Fine Morocco Wallets,
Morocco Card Cases,
Morocco Letter Cases,
With an elegant assortment of
Ladies' Morocco Satchels,
Traveling Bags,
Gent's Railroad Bags,
Bugle Chains,
Black & White Mixed Chains
Plain White Chains,
Plain Black Chains,
JUST RECEIVED BY
F. H. EATON,
17 Fifth Street.
oct

ELEGANT FURNISHED
DWELLING FOR RENT OR SALE,
No. 35 Ferry Street, Pittsburgh.
Immediate Possession.
Apply TO-DAY or THURSDAY, at
174 Wood Street.
oct2:3T WM. PREW.

PITTSBURGH CUTLERY COMPANY.—If you are in want of a SUPERIOR KNIFE, go to
WM. N. OGDEN,
Nos. 67 and 69 Fifth Street.
They are manufactured from the finest Pittsburgh steel. If you are in want of an extra fine
HOLLOW GROUND RAZORS,
The place to get it is at WM. N. OGDEN'S, [Agent for the Pittsburgh Cutlery Company, 67 and 69 FIFTH STREET, (DISPATCH BUILDING.) oct

1866. FALL TRADE. 1866.
HATS, CAPS AND FURS,
Wholesale and Retail.
M'CORD & CO.,
131 *WOOD STREET,*
Invite special attention to their large stock of
Hats, &c., &c., for Fall Sales,
Now full and complete—every variety to suit all tastes. Also FURS of every description to suit the LADIES.
aug30

GREAT WESTERN
PLANING MILL,
Corner of Marbury Street and Duquesne Way,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Sash Doors, Blinds and Mouldings
MADE TO ORDER. Unfinished work is put in a dry house and finished when taken out. Palings, Flooring, Weather Boarding, Lathe and shingles constantly on hand. Sawing, resawing and scroll sawing done with dispatch. Boxes of all kinds made to order. au24:15 JOHN HEATH.

COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY.
PITTSBURGH, October 4, 1866.
THE STATED MONTHLY MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Company will be held at the office in Pittsburgh on the SECOND WEDNESDAY, 10th day of October, at 2 o'clock.
The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Saturday, the 6th, to Monday, the 15th of October. By order of the Board,
oct5:15t R. WESTERVELT, Secretary.

IRON CITY MILLS.
ROGERS & BURCHFIELD,
Manufacturers of
REFINED, CHARCOAL, JUNIATA & POLISHED
SHEET IRON.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE, NO. 38 MARKET ST.
Q 8.15

MULES FOR SALE.
TWO SPAN FINE MULES, one of them extra large. Can be seen at HARE'S STABLES. Enquire of
JOHN B. SHERIFF,
oct5:14d No. 9 Market street.

MRS. S. A. STODDART would inform her customers that she has just returned from the East with a handsome assortment of
MILLINERY GOODS,
Having removed to the SECOND FLOOR, No. 46 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY.
oct1:2m

MONEY LOAN OFFICE, NO. 151 SMITHFIELD STREET, corner of Sixth, Pittsburgh.
Money Loaned on Silver Plate, Guns, Pistols, Diamonds, Jewelry, Gold and Silver Watches, Clothing, and valuable articles of every description. The goods cannot be delivered without a ticket. Goods of every description for sale at lo est prices. [oct4:20d]
COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—$7,000 will purchase
A COUNTRY RESIDENCE
Containing 10½ acres, on which there is erected a two-story Cottage House, situated on the line of the Alleg eny Valley Railroad. Apply to
G. B. PETTY,
oct5 No. 13 St. Clair street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.)
Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
Foreign Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Coupons.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

UNION REPUBLICAN MEETING at MANCHESTER, SATURDAY EVENING, Oct. 6th, at 7 o'clock.
Hon. SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE,
Gen. FRED. COLLIER,
Hon. JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
And other distinguished speakers will address the meeting. A Brass Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited to attend. oc6:1t

HO! FOR EAST LIBERTY.
A **SPECIAL TRAIN WILL LEAVE** FOR EAST LIBERTY, on
Saturday Evening, at 7 o'clock,
From Penna. Central Depot.
All Union Republicans are invited to attend.
oc6:5t

LAST GRAND RALLY.
UNION REPUBLICAN MEETING
AT EAST LIBERTY,
On Saturday, October 6th,
AT 7½ O'CLOCK,
For Liberty, Collins, Peebles and Wilkins Tps.
P. C. SHANNON, Esq.,
THOS. M. MARSHALL, Esq.,
W. C. MORELAND, Esq.,
Will address the Meeting.
JOHN H. STEWART,
Chm'n Com. of Meetings and Speakers.
E. A. MONTOOTH, Secretary. oc5

KEYSTONE IRON WORKS.
HUTCHISON, GLASS & CO.,
Manufacturers of the different sizes of
Round, Square, Flat and Horse-Shoe Bar Iron, Hoop and Band Iron, Boiler-Plate, Tank and Salt-Pan Iron, Sheet Iron, &c., &c., &c.,
Works, PITTSBURGH, on Monongahela river.
Office and Warehouse:
No. 146 Water Street.
oct:151

THE GREATEST INVENTION OF THE AGE.
Webster's Patent "Ordinary Wrench,"
FOR CUTTING OFF
Bolts, Round Rods, Steam, Gas, Brass and Lead Pipe.
Will hold a Round Rod or Bolt in SCREWING OFF A RUSTY NUT.
The Appliances used in this WRENCH for Cutting off and Screwing up Pipe, &c., can be carried in the pocket, obviating the expense and burden of the great weight of Tongs, &c., to be carried and used in CUTTING UP AND REPAIRING WORK.
Just what is wanted by every STEAM and GAS FITTER, PLUMBER, ENGINEER, MACHINIST, BLACKSMITH, CAR, and CARRIAGE BUILDERS, and on all STEAMSHIPS, BOATS, LOCOMOTIVES, &c., and in every RAILROAD REPAIR SHOP, FACTORY, &c., and every STORE and HOUSE WHERE GAS AND STEAM ARE USED.
These WRENCHES are made in the most thorough manner, and are over 3 00 per cent. cheaper than any other tools used to perform the same work.
A 12 in. Wrench will cut off and screw up pipe ¾ to 2 in. diameter. A 15 in. Wrench will cut off and screw up pipe ¾ to 2½ inches diameter. An 18 inch Wrench will cut off and screw up pipe ¾ to 3 inches diameter. A 21 inch Wrench will cut off and screw up pipe ¾ to 3½ inches diameter. For sale by
M. McSTEEN & CO.,
o 3 1 5 No. 34 Water street, near Liberty.

W. J. MYERS. W. C. HOPPER. C. A. B. MYERS.
MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,
(Successors to M. H. Bulger.)
No. 45 Smithfield St.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
FURNITURE
Parlor, Chamber,
and Dining Room Sets,
OFFICE AND SCHOOL FURNITURE,
Together with a full assortment of
Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture,
Constantly on hand and for sale at the
Lowest Cash Prices.
au28:1y

1866. FALL 1866.
CARPETS.
We are now exhibiting for FALL TRADE the most extensive stock of goods we have ever had the pleasure of offering to our patrons.
English Brussels and Tapestries,
Of our own importation, comprising many new and choice patterns never before in this market.
RICH WILTON AND VELVET CARPETS AND RUGS,
EMBROIDERED Swiss LACE CURTAINS,
New and Elegant Patterns of Cornices,
Side & Centre Tassels, Loops & Bands,
Choice Styles Netting Curtains.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
Nos. 71 and 73 FIFTH STREET,
Next house to U. S. Custom House and Post Office, Second Floor.
se28

W. H. GARRARD. D. A. BOOTH. W. T. GARRARD.
POINT MALT HOUSES.
W. H. GARRARD & CO.,
Malsters, Grain & Hop Dealers,
No. 17 Water Street; and
Nos. 3 and 7 Penn Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
The highest market price paid for WHEAT, BARLEY, RYE, CORN and OATS. ly18:68

J. W. JOHNSTON..... JAS. SCOTT.
JOHNSTON & SCOTT,
DEALERS IN
Fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry
SILVER-PLATED WARE, ETC.,
No. 374 LIBERTY STREET,
Pittsburgh, Penna.
Particular attention given to Repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry. All work warranted. [oct1:69]

MONUMENTS, GRAVE STONES,
Vaults, Fountains,
Statuary, Vases,
AND
DESIGNS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
T. BROOME,
se24:1y No. 98 Penn Street.

WM. L. SANFORD,
General Commission Merchant,
AND DEALER IN GRAIN,
CHILICOTHE, Ohio.
Having complete arrangements for shelling, by steam, 150 bushels per hour, and 500 bushels of Corn Meal, respectfully solicits patronage. All orders promptly attended to at the lowest rates.
Address, WM. L. SANFORD,
ly31:68:1s Box 162, Chilicothe, Ohio.

BANK EXCHANGE
RESTAURANT,
H. SCHILD, Proprietor.
No. 90 Third St., Pittsburgh.
GENTLEMEN'S DINING ROOMS.
All the luxuries of the season. Choice Liquors, Segars, &c. Private Dining rooms up stairs.
jy28:y67

FRISCK & BRO., Engine Builders and Machinists, Manufacturers of Hisnick's patent balance Valves, for Steam Engines, and all kinds of Brewers' Machinery, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Oil Engines of all sizes, with or without Balance Valves, Rollers, Pine Fronts, Welding Beam Connections, Shipcock Pumps, &c., CORNER HARRISON AND PIKE STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa. Repairing and putting up machinery promptly attended to. se21:77

CARPETS—FALL OF 1866.—Now opening at
87 Fourth Street,
A superb assortment of everything in the CARPET LINE, embracing Velvets, Tapestries, Three-Ply, and ingrains all selected especially for the market, and will be sold at the lowest prices the market will afford
se29 McCALLUM BROTHERS.

ROOFING MATERIALS.
Cement, Pitch, Tar, Turpentine Varnish and Black Paint,
Manufactured and sold on cheap as any other house in the country, by
ly28:68 JAMES PARK & CO.,
111 Smith Wharf, Baltimore.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

H. CHILDS & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
BOOTS, SHOES
AND
SOLE LEATHER,
No. 133 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
To SHORT TIME and CASH buyers we offer superior inducements, as our facilities for buying are unsurpassed by ANY house East or West. Purchasing directly from FIRST HANDS freely for CASH, we are enabled to sell as low as Eastern Jobbing House.
MERCHANTS are invited to call and examine our stock and note our prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Orders for
HOPE MILLS
Superior Cotton Yarns,
SEAMLESS GRAIN BAGS,
Batting, Twine,
COTTON AND LINEN CARPET CHAIN,
&c., &c.,
Will be Promptly Filled at
FACTORY PRICES.
All orders by mail will receive immediate and careful attention.
H. CHILDS & CO.
oc6:151

DR. J. H. KING
Has resumed the practice of Dentistry
NO. 104 FIFTH ST.,
Opposite the Cathedral,
Where he wishes to receive his friends and patrons who are in need of the services of an experienced
DENTAL PRACTITIONER.
Especial attention will be given to the preservation of the natural teeth by skillfully filling them with the most select material, and by giving the other proper treatment, thus preserving them for future uses and comfort in a ripe old age.
Irregularity of the teeth of young persons skillfully attended to and corrected.
Those beautiful life-like artificial teeth, rendered so comfortable and useful by the magic of the inventor's machine, will be made ready for all who may order them.
All recent discoveries of value in giving relief to the patient in the extraction of teeth, will be skillfully administered to those who may desire them.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. se17:y66

DAY, McABOY & SPANG,
PROPRIETORS OF
IRON CITY HAME WORKS
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
Nos. 45 Wood and 102 and 104 Third St,
IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN
Saddlery Hardware and Trimming,
And Manufacturers of all varieties of
Superior Wood and Iron Hames,
Wrought Post Bits, Ring Bits, Snaffles, Brandons, Wheel Bits, Malten Bits, &c., &c. Keep also on hand a full and complete assortment of goods in their line, all of which they offer at as fair prices, and on as good terms as are offered by any house in the trade. RAILROAD WORK.
my24:3m

JOHN CROFT,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Office, No. 139 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh,
Has for sale the following Real Estate:
A beautiful new Frame Dwelling, highly finished, containing six rooms and wide hall, parlor 16 by 26 feet, with two fire places and marble mantles. Cost of building, $7,250; will be sold in connection with 2 or 3 acres of ground. Parties buying the entire 9 acres, including the house, can have the crops, which consist of apples, oats, potatoes, and a fine lot of timber. Price $6,000; one third cash, balance in five years, secured by bond and mortgage. Situate at Edgewood Station, 7 miles out on the Penna. Railroad. Trains passing to and from this station every hour of the day, up to 11 o'clock P. M. Possession immediately.
Also, a few more ACRE LOTS, at $1,000 each; one-third cash, the balance in five years; situate at the above station. The plan of these lots, and the nine acres and house above mentioned can be seen at this office.
A new Frame House, 4 rooms, finished garret and wide hall; lot 19 by 87 feet; situate on Jefferson st., Allegheny.
Large Brick House of 10 rooms, with wide halls, hot and cold water and gas throughout the house, on Chestnut street, Allegheny.
Also, a large amount of other city property for sale.
Office hours from 8 to 12 A. M., 1 to 5 P. M., and 7 to 9 in the evening. se25

PAPER! PAPER!!
PITTSBURGH
PAPER MANUFACTURING CO.,
Warehouse, 82 Third Street,
Keep constantly on hand, and for sale, at lowest market rates,
NEWS, TACK, MANILLA, HARDWARE,
Roofing, Felt and
WRAPPING PAPERS.
10,000 lbs. assorted now in Warehouse.
Clinton Mills at Steubenville, Ohio. Brighton Mills at New Brighton, Pa.
se21:36

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
THE FIRM OF JOSHUA RHODES & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either of the partners will sign the name of the firm in settling up the old business at the office of the Pittsburgh Brewery.
JOSHUA RHODES.
P. W. H. LAPSHAW.
JACOB ANDERSON.

Having disposed of our entire Brewing, Malting and Hop Business to Messrs. CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO., we would ask from our friends a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us, as from their long experience in the business, we feel satisfied that they will maintain the excellence of our Ale.
JOSHUA RHODES & CO.

Referring to the above, we would inform the public that we will leave nothing undone to merit a continuance of the liberal patronage enjoyed by the late firm of JOSHUA RHODES & CO., and from our experience in the business, feel satisfied that we will be enabled to give entire satisfaction to those who may favor us with their orders.
CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.

MERCY HOSPITAL,
In Charge of the Sisters of Mercy,
FOR THE TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASES requiring medical or surgical aid. All classes of patients admitted, irrespective of creed or color. Clergymen of all denominations permitted to visit patients at their own expense. Patients too poor to pay are admitted free of charge, on application to any of the attending physicians or surgeons. All persons sending for patients to private room may have full confidence of the same.
Competent nurses, combined with the personal attention of the sisters, makes this institution superior to any in the State for those afflicted with disease. One physician and surgeon in daily attendance.
Medical staff and months of daily attendance:
DR. McMURRAY, 1130 Grant street, October, November and December.
THOS. J. GALLAHER, M. D., 148 Smithfield st., April, May and June.
SILAS B. BENHAM, M. D., 152 Third street, July, August and September.
DR. HUGH, M. D., 107 Rose street, January, February and March.
DR. E. DONNELLY, corner Sixth and Grant streets, Surgeon, in daily attendance. au24:112

F. MUSSMANN,
Fifth Street, between Tunnel and Chatham Streets,
GUNSMITH AND DEALER IN HARDWARE
First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully on short notice. se29:6m

NEW PAPER HANGINGS.
FOR PARLORS—French Designs, with Gold Borders.
FOR LIBRARIES—Pompeian Patterns on Orange ground.
FOR HALLS—New Greek Patterns on Red Clay ground.
FOR CHAMBERS—Lace and Muslin Patterns over dark grounds.
For sale by W. P. MARSHALL,
se28 6 Wood street.

BUTTER—10 boxes very choice Roll Butter just received and for sale by
JNO. B. CANFIELD & SON,
oct 141 and 143 First street.

BANK NOTICES.

QUARTERLY REPORT
OF THE
PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.
October 1st, 1866.

ASSETS.

Loans and Discounts	$ 66,115 52
Furniture and Fixtures	5,000 00
Expense and Taxes	5,761 84
Premiums	2,485 50
Remittances and Cash Items	3,491 06
Due from Banks	15,394 47
U. S. Bonds deposited with U. S. Treasurer for Circulation	250,000 00
U. S. Bonds and Securities on hand	104,700 00
Specie, Legal Tender Notes and State Bank Notes	154 003 00
	$1,399,728 19

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 500,000 00
Circulation	450,000 00
Depositors	$343,500 25
Banks and Bankers	55,376 16— 389,876 41
Surplus Fund and Profits	59,851 78
	$1,399,728 19

The above statement is correct and true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
oc5: J. C. CURRY, Cashier.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT
OF THE
FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY.
RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$ 420,233 67
U. S. Bonds and Securities	524,000 00
Due from Banks and Bankers	49,418 64
Specie and Legal Tender Notes	160,189 25
National Currency	26,520 00
Notes of Solvent State Banks	5,276 00
Cash Items, &c.	14,600 32
Real Estate	72,084 11
Expenses and Taxes	9,764 21
	$1,229,559 20

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	$ 350,000 00
Due Individual Depositors	405,319 24
Due to Treasurer United States	100,745 99
Due to Banks and Bankers	377 75
Circulation	312,500 00
Dividends unpaid	625 00
Due Secretary of the Treasury	740 00
Contingent Fund and Profits	58,370 22
	$1,229,559 20

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true abstract of the Quarterly Report to the Comptroller of the Currency.
oc3:129 J. P. KRAMER, Cashier.

STATEMENT OF THE
SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY.
October 2d, 1866.
ASSETS.

Notes and Discounts	$ 74,310 42
United States Securities	182,000 00

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, &c.

NEW FALL GOODS.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street,

Have just opened an extensive and splendid stock of

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS,
RICH BONNET & TRIMMING RIBBONS,
EMBROIDERIES of every description,
RICH AND ELEGANT LACE GOODS,
REAL LACES of all kinds,
REAL LACE TRIMMED GOODS,
IMITATION LACES—a splendid line,
NAINSOOK, SWISS, LACE NET MUSLIN,
LINEN LAWN & CAMBRIC, IRISH LINEN,
GLOVES—all new and attractive styles;
HOSIERY—a complete assortment,
LADIES' & CHILDRENS' MERINO VESTS and DRAWERS,
FANCY ZEPHYR ARTICLES—splendid styles this season;
EPPINGS AND AMERICAN ZEPHYRS,
SHETLAND WOOL,
THE GENUINE CASHMERE YARNS—all colors
BRADLEY'S SKIRTS of every size,
FANCY ARTICLES AND NOTIONS.

Merchants and Dealers will find it to their advantage to call and examine our present extensive stock before purchasing elsewhere. All our goods being purchased direct on the best terms, we are prepared and will make as low prices as any Eastern Jobbing House.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
se19 19 FIFTH STREET.

NEW GOODS.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers,

Nos. 78 and 80 Market St.,

Have received an extensive stock, including the LATEST NOVELTIES of the season in

LADIES' DRESS TRIMMINGS in every style;
VELVET RIBBONS in Black and Colors;
Nos. 9 to 30 in all widths and colors;
NEW STYLE BELT BUCKLES, Belting, Fancy Dark Combs, new and pretty Ties, Bonnet and Sash Ribbons, Handkerchiefs—embroidered, plain or hemstitched;
HOOP SKIRTS of the newest makes in the country, all lengths and sizes, to suit customers;
HOSIERY, GLOVES AND LADIES' UNDERGARMENTS, etc., etc., etc.
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
NECKTYLE NECK TIES;
FINE SHIRTS, of which we keep only the best, and give satisfaction;
UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, in Silk, Gauze Merino, Shetland or Wool, white or colored;
LINEN and PAPER COLLARS;
SUSPENDERS;
POCKET-BOOKS, etc.

MERCHANTS are especially invited to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, as we are confident we can give satisfaction in prices as well as in quality of the goods.

Our Assortment Cannot be Surpassed.

se19

FALL FASHIONS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

(OR DOUBLE SPRING)

SKIRTS!

Will not BEND or BREAK like the single Springs, but will EVER RETAIN their PERFECT and ELEGANT OVAL SHAPE, where three or four ordinary Skirts are worn. ADDED to this, the DUPLEX ELLIPTIC has the

STANDARD SKIRT

OF THE FASHIONABLE WORLD.

At Wholesale by all the leading Jobbers in this city. For sale by all retailers who sell first-class Skirts.

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

SOLE OWNERS OF THE PATENT AND EXCLUSIVE MANUFACTURERS.

Warehouse and Office, Nos. 97 CHAMBERS and 79 and 81 READE STREETS, New York.
se12-3m

NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED BY JOS. HORNE & CO.

Full assortment of

BONNETS AND HATS,

At the leading Fall Styles.

Millinery Goods.

Crapes and Frames, Paris Fancy and Colored Silk Velvets to match the above shades, Plain Fancy Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, new and rich colors, Feathers and American Fancy Feathers, Bonnet and Hair Ornaments.

EMBROIDERIES,

(Well assorted.)

Cambric, Hamburg, Swiss, Loom, Cluny, Valenciennes Flouncings and Insertings, Flouncings, Bands and Allovers, Embroidered and Plain Linen Collars, Cuffs, Sets, Laces and Lace Goods.

Dress and Cloak Trimmings and Ornaments;
Real Lace to match Dress Trimmings;
Dress Flouncings, Bugle Fringes.

WHITE GOODS:

A most complete stock of Jaconets, Cambrics, Mulls, &c., &c.,
Real Thread Laces, Plain, Lace, Hem-stitched, Hemmed, Embroidered, Tape Bordered, etc., etc.
Bonnet Crapes and Illusions, in all the leading shades.
Ladies' and Children's Underwear.

Furnishing Goods:

Suspenders and Neck Ties. Heavy Shirts and Drawers, Merino Ben Ton and IXL Shirts and Drawers, Half Hose, Paper Collars and Silk Reefing Jackets, Gauntlets, Mittens, all kinds.
Yarns for Knitting and Crocheting, Lamb's Wool and Knitting in the various mixtures, plain colors and mixtures.
Linen Paper Collars and everything in the Notion line.
Prices as low as Eastern Jobbing Houses.

Nos. 77 and 79 Market Street.

NEW FALL GOODS,

AT

DENNISON'S,

NO. 27 FIFTH STREET.

EMBROIDERIES in new and elegant patterns;
POINT and POINT LACE HANDKERCHIEFS;
EMBROIDERED HANDKERCHIEFS;
HEMSTITCHED do
REAL THREAD LACE do
VALENCIENNES LACE, REAL THREAD LACE;
IMITATION LACE do IMITATION do
LADIES' COLLARS AND CUFFS;
LADIES' DRESS CAPS in a variety of styles;
CRAPE VEILS, LADIES' HEAD DRESSES;
WHITE SHIRTS, NECK TIES, PAPER & LINEN COLLARS;
ZEPHYR WORSTEDS;
SLIPPER PATTERNS, SHETLAND WOOL;
HATS, TURBANS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS,

And a full line of

NOTIONS, &c.

All the above goods are sold at

Lowest Cash Prices.

se28

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late WILSON, CARR & CO.)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 Wood St.,

(Third house above Diamond Alley.)

se28 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COAL, COKE, &c.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Having removed their Office to

No. 567 Liberty Street.

(Lately City Flour Mill,) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish Good Youghiogheny

LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK,

At the lowest Market Price.

Orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

my21-tf

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal

And Manufacturer of

Coal, Slack, and Desulphurized Coke,

OFFICE, AND YARD,

Corner of Butler and Morton first yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward, and on Second street, Pesn'a. No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates. Orders left at any of the yards will receive prompt attention. my5-1y625

LAW OFFICE,

No. 98 Grant Street.

M'MASTER, GAZZAM & BUTTERFIELD,

Attorneys and Counsellors,

Pittsburgh, Penna.

Collections promptly made, Conveyancing neatly executed. Estates managed. Titles examined. Property bought and sold on commission. Stores and Rooms for rent. Lots for sale. se5

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

(ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS ON FIRST PAGE.)

A Grand Movement---True Intent of the Centenary Celebration---Endowment of the Pittsburgh Female College.

BY REV. L. C. PERSHING, D. D.

One of the most hopeful indications of the hour is the attention everywhere bestowed by prudent and thinking men on the education of the youth of our land. Education in its true sense, embracing the physical, mental and moral, especially the two latter, is the foundation stone on which we must ever rest the pillars of our republic, and the only sure guarantee for our perpetuity among the nations of the earth. Profoundly impressed with this truth, and the importance, aye, necessity of education to the progress and efficiency of the Church, the General Conference, at its last session, held in Philadelphia in 1856, wisely directed the attention of the Church to this as the grand object of their contributions in this Centenary year of our history. Every representative man who has spoken through the press or from the pulpit or platform, has given hearty approval of the action of the General Conference. Not a dissenting voice is heard. And now, should local interests not be permitted to interfere too largely, the sublime spectacle will be presented to the world of a whole denomination lifting itself by a simultaneous effort to a higher social plane and a wider sphere of usefulness, and at the same time exerting an untold influence in the future destiny of the nation. What nobler monument for the contemplation of our children's children a hundred years hence!

Three objects of gods were in contemplation in the call for a special contribution this year. First, to increase and strengthen the connectional bonds of the Church. Second, to increase the means and agencies for the Church's future efficiency. Third, to erect monuments for the future. The simple mention of these objects will suggest to all how much the amount to be raised to one million, as it should be in this case of at least a part of our higher institutions of learning, and instead of being limited to the mere pittance of a few thousand, or six million dollar-to appropriate to buildings, cabinets, libraries, &c. If it be answered that ultimately they will be self-sustaining, and that tuition fees will answer, diminish the tuition fees or abolish them altogether, and throw wide open the doors of all our academies, seminaries and colleges, we reply that this would greatly cripple the efficiency of the Church in helping to do, but perhaps the whole truth is not apprehended by all. As agencies of historical utilities they will be of untold importance in the future. Many years hence as now, but the thousands and hundreds of thousands of its faith from their halls in the magazine, will in tumultuous assemblies rise up and call it blessed.

It is with sincere regret, therefore, that we find the attention of the membership in so many localities directed to the erection of churches and parsonages, the liquidation of church debts, and the making of church repairs, as legitimate objects of these special contributions. Losing sight of the true intent and object of the call, we fear that the Centenary year will gently and thousands in our people have neither part nor lot in the matter.

We would not be understood as opposing any of these objects. They are each and all good. All we desire is that they shall not take the place of, or divert the attention of the Church from the more important item in the Centenary programme.

The liberality of enterprise of the Church, too, should and must be stimulated. Each year should witness an increase in our benefactions. Their true and only support, however, is to be found in the development of the very life and heart of the Church, the work to be accomplished by our institutions of learning, and not by any spasmodic effort. Let the Church every other year, or at least every year, and small sums come up, as they are in themselves a means of growth and strength. As the time for making these thank-offerings is drawing near, we will endeavor to suggest a few items for examination of these points. We plead for the endowment of our institutions of learning, and especially in the case of the Pittsburgh Female College. Such endowment is necessary in order-

First. *To make sure for the future the present position of the College, and to secure its permanency as the head.* As it is now, and without boasting, the statement may be made that in buildings, Faculty and patronage, the college is now the leading female school under the care of the M. E. Church in the United States, and has but few peers in the country of any denomination. To maintain this place is a matter of the first importance to the Church, and to exist for patronizing schools under other control, and at distant points. To maintain this position however an endowment of at least one hundred thousand dollars is necessary. The current expenses of maintaining such an institution are far greater than is usually supposed. But in addition to ordinary expenses, extraordinary ones must be made upon the college in the future for the best interest not including that on a part of the debt provided for by friends.

Second. As the development of the pupil's head is second only in importance to the mental, there is needed a good gymnasium, with suitable apparatus. This is necessary in a ladies' school. The *sound corpus* is essential to the *sound mens*. To secure the first is to afford a broader basis for the second. The gymnasium should therefore be a part of every institution of learning. It should be so arranged and attached as to be easily accessible to the pupil, not only at stated seasons, but at their leisure. With proper appliances grace as well as strength may be acquired and the pupil's physical education be completed.

Fourth. As already anticipated, no doubt, by the reader, there must be for these different purposes suitable buildings, combining chapel, hall, lecture hall, laboratory, rooms for gymnasium, art gallery and cabinets. Such appliances are indispensable, in an argument need at the present hour. Its absence, such a need would be sadly augmented. But this is not necessary in all cases. Cases are already provided for, but would it secure the ends contemplated by the call for these special contributions. Nor would it secure the ends contemplated by the centenary year will gently and thousands in our people have neither part nor lot in the matter.

We would not be under-foods

VERY LATEST TELEGRAMS.

NEWS BY STEAMER.

Arrivals—British Markets—Honors to the Officers of the Great Eastern—Statue of the Queen—Crop Prospects—Penian Arrests—Triumphal Return of Prussian Troops—Great Enthusiasm—Count Bismarck Promoted—Amnesty Proclaimed—Continuance of the Palermo Troubles.

NEW YORK, October 5.—The steamer Saxonia brings £900,000 sterling in treasure.

The steamer Persia which left Liverpool on the morning of the 21st ult., and Queenstown on the 23d, arrived this afternoon.

LIVERPOOL, October 2—Breadstuffs—Richardson, Spence & Co., Henry Jump & Son, report flour in good demand at full prices; Western state, 29@28s. Wheat firm; North Red and Southern, 9s@9s 2d per Central. Indian Corn was flat, but closed at about former prices; Mixed American, 27s 6d@27s 9d; Yellow, 28@28s 6d per 480 pounds.

Provisions—Bigland, A. & C. and others, report Beef firm at an advance of 2s 6d. Pork in retail demand at unchanged rates. Bacon offered freely at 1s decline; shipments to New York continue. Lard in small demand at 59@60s for fine. Cheese much pressed, at a decline of fully 2s per 100 weight. Butter in rather better demand, at 6s 6d for North American.

The Produce Brokers' Circular reports ashes steady at 32@33s for pots, and 45s 6d for pearls, closing firm at the highest prices. Sugar quiet but unchanged. Coffee in small supply, but inquiry good. Petroleum steady; Refined 1s 10½d@1s 11d per gallon; spirits, 10.

London Market—Baring Bros. report a further advance of 1s 2d in Wheat, American flour, 2s@2s 6. Sugar quiet, but steady. Coffee more quiet and 6d and 1s cheaper; Tea; Canton Congou 1d easier, but other kinds unchanged.

On the 20th, a deputation from Liverpool chamber of commerce, went on board the Great Eastern, and presented an address to Captain Anderson and his co-adjutators, in the work of laying the Atlantic cable. An invitation was given to the officers engaged in the great work, to a banquet, given in their honor on the 1st of October, which was accepted.

The Prince of Wales, on the 20th of September, formally unveiled a statue of the Queen, erected at Aberdeen, amidst much enthusiasm.

The report of the National Reform Union, states that since its formation in April 1864, nearly 80 public meetings have been held under its auspices, and 150 branch associations have been established.

An open air reform demonstration was to take place in Liverpool on the day the Persia sailed.

The British harvest is expected to be less than was supposed.

Six of prominent Fenians were in Liverpool on the 21st, and large quantities of ammunition seized. It was thought arrests would be made, as the owners of the boroughs were arriving from the country.

Returns of the Bank of France show its cash on hand, 1,900,000 francs.

Sentinel of the 20th says: The Mexican Financial Commissioners have notified the holders of Mexican rents and obligations that no remittance having been made to him by the Mexican Government for the payment of the coupons due on the first of October next, this payment will be deferred.

The *Patrie* denies the rumor that the President of the Mexican Finance Committee had tendered his resignation.

A Berlin dispatch of the 20th says: The triumphal entry of the Prussian troops into this city took place this morning, according to the order settled on the official programme. The greatest popular enthusiasm prevailed. Replying to a congratulatory address from Chief Burgomaster, His Majesty thanked the inhabitants for their splendid reception, which he stated was in every way worthy of the occasion; declaring at the same time that the troops, not he, should be the object of their ovation. Numerous orders were distributed, and a large number of promotions made. Bismarck was raised to the rank of General, and was appointed commander of his Landwher regiment. The Crown Prince and Prince Frederick Charles were invested with the order of merit, together with portraits of Frederick the Great.

An amnesty has been proclaimed for all persons who up to the 20th inst., have been convicted of high treason or other offences against the crown, resistance to the state authorities, violation of public orders, offences committed by the press to infringement of the press law of May 12th, 1851, and for infractions of ordinances of March 17th, 1851, regulating the right of public meetings.

A Royal decree has been issued instituting a cross of honor in commemoration of the campaign of 1866.

The London *Times* says: An outbreak at Palermo may trouble the Italian authorities, but is not calculated to create any serious alarm.

The Paris *Moniteur* says that the revolutionary attempt has been madebly men belonging to the Republican party, seconded by bands of rioters.

A Florence dispatch of September 20th says the following official statement has been published here. Advices from Sicily announce that communication with Palermo has been restored. It is asserted that no acts of violence or incendiarism have been perpetrated in that city. A few instances, however, of the arms having been discharged, had occurred in the other parts of the Island. The best of feeling prevails.

From advices received at Milan from Palermo it would appear that on the 15th numerous armed bands, which infest the mountains of Sicily, united and made, during the night so bold an attack upon the city that they were enabled to take up strong positions in various parts of the town. At first a mate prevented the National Guard from co-operating with the garrison, and on the 16th the firing was still kept up with great energy on both sides without decisive results. The Italian Government has given orders for the immediate dispatch to Sicily of the garrisons of Leghorn, Ancona and Tarento, comprising together fourteen battalions.

Bad weather at sea rendered communication with Palermo very difficult, but it was said that fifty thousand troops had been landed, and that the insurgents retired before them.

RUSSIA.—On the 15th inst., the execution of Dimitri Karakozow, took place at St. Petersburg.

The London money market and weekly bank statement, shows an increase in bullion of 248,739 pounds, and in the reserve of notes 420,215 pounds.

The London *Times'* city article of the 21st says: The bank returns this week is satisfactory in all its features, and compares well with the corresponding date of last year, when the rate of discount was down at four per cent., and when instead of the general absence of speculation, such as is now observable, there was an extent of inflation beyond all former parallel. It may be assumed that should the reserve and bullion experience only further considerable augmentation during the ensuing week, a reduction of rate of discount to 4½ on 4 per cent. will be adopted.

English Markets by Cable.

LIVERPOOL, October 5.—The steamship City of Manchester, from New York September 16, and the Scotland and Edinburgh, from New York September 23d, have arrived out.

LIVERPOOL, October 5.—The Brokers' circular reports the sales of Cotton for the week at 125,000 bales. The sales to-day were 8,000 bales; the market closing easier. Middling Uplands are quoted to-day at 14½ pence.

LIVERPOOL, October 5.—The Breadstuffs market is dull and declining. Mixed Western Corn, 28 and 6.

LONDON, October 5.—The Money market is easier. Consols, 89¾, for money. American Securities—Erie, 51¾; Illinois Central, 78½; U. S. 5-20s, 70¾.

Roman Catholic Council.

BALTIMORE, October 5.—The Second Plenary Council of the Roman Catholic Church, which assembled here on Sunday, is attracting much interest in this city. Quite a number of the Bishops and clergy have arrived.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 5.—All the members of the Roman Catholic Council have arrived, except five Bishops and five Archbishops, who are expected to-morrow. The opening ceremonies will take place on Sunday, for which great preparations have been made. Archbishop O. H. McCloskey delivers the opening address on Sunday. There will be public sessions on Sunday and Thursday. The closing session will take place on the 21st.

Congressional Nomination.

BOSTON, Oct. 5.—The Congressional Convention for the Third District met this afternoon. Hon. A. H. Rice, the present member, was nominated, but he positively declined to serve again. The first ballot resulted in no choice. At the second ballot Gen. Twichell, of Brookline, was nominated, he receiving ninety-three of one hundred and eight votes cast. Mr. Fenghton is President of the Boston and Worcester railroad.

National Horse Fair at Kalmazoo.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 5.—The National Horse Fair at Kalmazoo, proved a success. One thousand dollars premium for the best trotting horse, competed for by Dexter and Patchen, and was won by the former. Three straight heats; 2:27, 2:25¾, 2:28¼. This is the best time Dexter ever made. Patchen failed to take the additional prize of $1,000 offered for horse beating Flora Temple's time of 2:19¾.

Railroad Accident.

PHILADELPHIA, October 5.—About noon to-day an accident happened to the New York and Washington through train, while passing through West Philadelphia. The engine jumped the track and turned over upon its side. Two baggage cars were also overturned. No passengers were hurt. Vernon Lewis a fireman on the engine, was killed. The engineer was seriously injured.

American Board of Foreign Missions.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—A meeting of the American Board of Foreign Missions was held last evening in the church on the Ascension, corner of Fifth avenue and Tenth street, Bishop Mellvaine presiding. Addresses were delivered by Bishop Paine, of Africa, Bishop Clarke, of Rhode Island, Bishop Clarkson, of Nebraska, and Rev. Dr. Armitage, assistant bishop elect of Wisconsin. The Board meets again to-day.

Accident.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 5.—Last evening two young ladies, Miss Hattie Rewitt and Miss Theresa Hatch were struck by the steamboat express train going east, at the street crossing in Amsterdam. They were standing on the track at the time waiting for a freight train passing west. Miss Hewitt had both her feet cut off and was otherwise seriously injured. The other lady is not badly hurt.

A Magnificent Proposition.

NEW YORK, October 5.—At a private dinner last evening, Mr. Wm. Astor Stewart intimated his readiness to give one million dollars for the erection of tenement houses for the poor of this city, the condition being that the land required would be provided.

Charles O'Conner at Fort Monroe.

FORT MONROE, Oct. 5.—Charles O'Conner arrived here from Washington this morning. He went inside the Fort and remained in close consultation with Jeff. Davis all day. The purpose of his visit is unknown. He went north to night.

Funeral of Rear Admiral Greggory.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 4.—The funeral of Rear Admiral Greggory, was attended to-day from Trinity Church with military honors.

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY, October 5, 1866.

The New York stock quotations to-day, were as follows: Gold, 140; 1881's, 111¾; 5-20's, old, 112¼@112⅝; do new, 108½@108⅝; 7-30's, 106; Michigan Southern & R. R., 80; Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R., 86; Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad 103½; Erie, Railroad, 90¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 55½; Chicago & Rock Island, 107¾; Chicago & North Western, 44½; do preferred, 74¾.

—The Titusville *Herald*, of Wednesday, has the following, in regard to oil:

There was considerable improvement in the demand for crude. This was owing to the fact that Pittsburgers had come largely into the market, being fearful of the creek and river receding so much as not to permit their removing the commodity—fully afford to pay the Pittsburghers have had full sway to-day; the eastern buyers, as is customary, when the western buyers come in, stepped aside and did not attempt to do anything. The Pittsburgh buyers have had it entirely to-day had a stimulating tendency on the figures, and holders were firm at a slight advance on yesterday's quotations.

The same paper of Thursday says: The demand for crude has been much less active to-day and while the market was dull and steady, prices remain nominally unchanged. The Pittsburgh buyers having supplied their wants, the excitement that prevailed yesterday has subsided. The sales were light, their inquiries as follows: 500 bbls Bull Run at $3.80; 500 obls same place, $4; 500 bbls Pioneer, sold under pressure at $3.

—A statement has obtained circulation in financial circles that the quintuple issue of 6 per cent. government bonds, issued under act of January 28, 1847 and to mature January 1st, 1868, and the $8,908,341 of similar bonds, authorized by act of March 3, 1848, also to mature July 1st, 1868, were about to be redeemed immediately, the government thus finding an occasion to distribute a part of the gold now in the Treasury, but when it is remembered that soldiers have been in such an arrangement and that they probably would be unwilling to surrender the bonds until maturity, unless they received some bonds in their stead with interest, the idea must be set down as idle, and probably has no better authority than the fertile imagination of some party trafficking in gold. It is difficult to see how anything can be realized as a policy either for the government or the public. The fact that the government was now buying up the bonds of 1867 through private parties, running up the price materially, for also half of the four per cents. The correspondent, though reserve the declaration affirming the truth of the charge reiterated by the *Journal of Commerce*, declaring that 5 per cents. are to be paid in that city for account of the government at 90 in gold.—*Philadelphia Ledger*.

—The Philadelphia *North American* says:

A good many people of solid, and some rather visionary heads, are contesting the matter of the national currency, and entirely ignoring the fact that business is not permanently contracted, as happens to agree with their interests. Some are boiled as to the means for a return to specie payment and the result is that a large class of people in the country is progressed to plans for regulating the issues after the returns has been reached. If these were speculations only, they might be passed by without much consideration, but unless all theory they exert a disturbing influence on our business which renders them highly injurious. The truth in the matter is simple, whatever pretty theories are broached, that the return to specie payments will be settled by a natural gravitation to that end, rather than by any of these exceptional means which are either deeper in or appreciended. There is no more necessity or usefulness to this equalization of values, which when it is not affected by unwise tinkering nor by unusual causes, brings the country out to specie payments swiftly, safely and more naturally than any artificial methods. We want a specie basis for our issues as soon as it can be conveniently effected. That accomplished, the volume of currency will regulate itself better without than with legislation. The Treasury Department nor the combined law-making power cannot force us to a specie platform by legislation alone. Business must be increased and trade and commerce made more active before such a thing is really possible and just so soon as they are in full vigor the desired result will be begun and the progress will reach the end—and reach it, both without dangerous complications, disordering more values than can be instantly set down. When redemption has been authorized currency will circulate where and so far as it is wanted, and be redeemed when it is presented. Up to that time all the measures which may be employed can be but partially useful at the best, and may be highly injurious.

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, Oct. 5, 1866.

The market for metal is firm and moderately active, and for some brands, of which there is none here, an advance could be realized. The demand continues very active, considerably in excess of the supply, and especially is this the case in regard to eastern irons, but the eastern furnaces are all sold ahead, and do not care to enter into contracts until they have filled what is already sold. There has been several arrivals of Hanging Rock Charcoal Irons, but these have been picked on arrival at full prices, and therefore, the market is almost bare of this grade of iron also. In fact, for all good brands of iron, there is a good demand, and the market is already stated, is firm, and tending upward. Blooms in limited supply, and a shade higher. The following is a partial report of the sales during the week:

ANTHRACITE.

100 tons No. 1 Anthracite		$42 00	4 mos.
50 do No. 1	do	43 00	do
80 do No. 2	do	41 00	do
50 do No. 1	do	42 00	cash.
50 do No. 1	do	43 00	do

HANGING ROCK CHARCOAL.

26 tons Vinton Furnace		$90 00	4 mos.
19 do Lawrence Furnace		60 00	do
50 do Gallia No. 2		55 00	6 mos.
50 do Star		55 00	4 mos.
53 do No. 2 Pine Grove H. B.		55 00	6 mos.
84 do No. 2 Ohio H. B.		56 00	do
180 do No. 2 Keystone H. B.		54 00	do
50 do Choice Centre H. B.		55 00	do
50 do Gallia H. B.		55 00	cash.
5 do Jefferson C. B.		45 00	4 mos.
25 do Heela—choice C. B.		70 00	do

SALES MADE NO IRON.

120 tons open Gray Forge		$44	4 mos.
24 do do		45	cash.
140 do do		45	4 mos.
200 do do		46	do
50 do at Furnace, at equal		45	do
50 do do		46	do
60 do Close Gray, common brand		43 50	do
200 do do		46	4 mos.
40 do do		44	cash.
61 do Medina Grade,	do	45	do
85 do do	do	44	cash.

CHARCOAL, SMELTED.

160 tons Irondale Missouri		$80	4 mos.
30 do Iron Mountain, Missouri		80	do
45 do do	do	80	do
20 do Juniata		57	do
20 do Hanging Rock Foundry		58	do
83 do do	do	58	do
61 do do	do	57	do

COKE.

100 tons Red Bank		$45 00	4 mos.
200 do Superior Furnace		42 50	do
150 do Pine Creek—less 5 per cent.		45 00	do
150 do Colwell		45 00	4 mos.

SCRAP.

50 tons No. 1 Wrought (2240 lbs)		$65 00	cash.
	MAHONING.		
100 tons Low Grade		42 00	4 mos.
100 do do		42 00	do
	BROOKS.		
0 tons Juniata		$115	cash
50 do do		115	do
50 do do		115	4 mos.
50 do do		125	do

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, Oct. 5, 1866.

CRUDE—The demand for Crude was active to-day, and while the transactions were not as large as yesterday, and the market if anything, was a shade weaker, prices have undergone no essential change. It, bbls returned and sold at 20½@21c; 1,000 bbls Bull Run, 1,000 bbls at 19½@20c; 500 bbls Parker's Run, 500 bbls at 20c; 500 bbls Pioneer, 500 bbls at 20½c; 500 bbls Phillips, 500 bbls at 20½c; 500 bbls Parker's Run, 500 bbls at 20½